

Cheriton Bishop Community Primary School Modern Foreign Languages Curriculum Plan



Our curriculum statements are designed to be used as a supportive tool to plan teaching and learning across our school. The key skills are derived from the National Curriculum and spilt into individual year groups to support a progressive approach and mixed age classes.

We highly value languages as part of the children's entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum. We aim to encourage children to develop an appreciation of languages and foster their curiosity of the wider world. Languages underpin the connections, cultural capital and communication skills needed to be global citizens and open doors to further opportunities.

By learning a different language, we are supporting opportunities to develop further fluency and linguistic agility, building foundations for learning further languages, and thereby equipping pupils to travel, study and work in other countries.

As a trust, we use the scheme La Jolie Ronde for Spanish.

Vocabulary

Children's command of vocabulary is fundamental to learning and progress across the curriculum. Vocabulary is developed actively, building systematically on pupil's current knowledge and deepening their understanding of etymology and morphology (word origins and structures) to increase their store of words. Simultaneously, pupils make links between known and new vocabulary, and discuss and apply shades of meaning. In this way, children expand the vocabulary choices that are available to them. It is essential to introduce technical vocabulary which define each curriculum subject. Vocabulary development is underpinned by an oracy culture and a tiered approach. High value is placed on the conscious, purposeful selection of well-chosen vocabulary and appropriate sentence structure to enrich access to learning and feed into written work across the curriculum.

KS2 Year 3 Spanish Vocabulary List

uno	dos	tres	quartro	cinco	seis	siete	ocho	nueve	diez
si	no	Hola	Buenos dias	Adios	Que tal?	muy bien	bien	Estupendo	Fantastico
regular	mal	gracias	un(a)	escuchad	mirad	sentaos	levantaos	repetid	silencio
venid aqui	Como te llamas?	Me llamo	Senor	Senora	Senorita	Y tu	Los	Quantos anos	Tengoan
							numeros	tienes	os

rojo	azul	blanco	negro	amarillo	verde	naranja	rosa	morado	marron
gris	es	Las naranjas	Las peras	Las ciruelas	Las fresas	Las	Los	Los platanos	Es
						manzanas	tomates		bueno/es
									malo
La coca-cola	La limonada	El helado	La pizza	El chocolate	Los	Las patatas	Las	El queso	El jamon
					caramelos	fritas	piruletas		

cero	once	doce	Los dias de la semana	lunes	martes	miercoles	jueves
viernes	sabado	domingo	enero	febrero	marzo	abril	mayo
junio	julio	agosto	septiembre	octubre	noviembre	diciembre	Maria
Jose	Jesus	los pastores	las ovejas	los reyes	un angel	el posadero	los ninos
Belen	el bebe	un regalo	una estrella	un establo	una habitacion	un juego	un libro
la ropa	un dvd	un balon de futbol	Querido(s)	Quisiera	Muchas gracias	Papa Noel	Los Reyes Magos
los corderos	los parajos	las flores	hace sol	esta lloviendo	un arco iris	hay	

KS2 Year 4 Spanish Vocabulary

una cabeza	una nariz	unos dientes	el pelo	unos ojos	una boca	unas orejas	grande	pequeno
gordo	largo	puntiagudo	la pierna	el pie	el estomago	el hombro	la rodilla	la mano
el brazo	Como se dliceen espanol?	Tiene	Tambien	el tigre	el elefante	el hipopotamo	el flamenco	el oso
el cerdo	el raton	el leon	la jirafa	el mono	el cocodrilo	el pinguino	Hay	el/ella/es
bastante	muy	grande	pequeno/peque n	feroz	simpatico/simpa tica	divertido/diverti da	Que es?	un muneco de nieve
un sombrero	una bufanda	unos guantas	un abrigo	hace frio	nieva	te toca a ti	me toca a mi	el dado
Caramba!	Me gusta eso	Quien es?	el padre	рара	la madre	mama	el hermano	el abuelo
la abuela	mi	Tienes hermanos?	dos hermanos	tres hermanas	Si, tengo	No tengo hermanos/herm anas	No tengo hermanos ni hermanas	el gato
el raton	un perro	un hamster	un conejo	un pez	un pajaro	un conejo de indias	una tortuga	Tengo
No tengo	у	tambien	bastante	bailar	nadar	jugar al futbol	comer en un	leer

							restaurante	
ver la tele	ir al parque	Me gusta mucho	Me gusta	No me gusta	Te gusta?	Donde?	en barco	en coche
en autocar	en tren	en avion	hace calor	hace frio	mucho	un poco	un pantalon	un pantalon corto
una falda	un jersey	una camiseta	una camisa	un sombrero	un banador	unas gafas de sol		

KS2 Year 5 Spanish Vocabulary List

hay	у	en la esquina	muy	Navidad	la pasta	pero	el azucar	en primavera
un mercado	peqenco	bueno	bastante	Voy a	las patatas	tambien	los huevos	en verano
una tienda	tambien	pues	Los Reyes Magos	Otra vez	el jamon	Cerealas con leche	la leche	llueve
un supermercado	grande	vamos a ver	La Nochebuena	treinta	el agua	Magdelenas	hace frio/calor	nieva
una oficina de correos	a la izquierda	si	La Nochevieja	cuarenta	el yogur	Galletas Maria	hace sol/viento	vivo en
un banco	a la derecha	por la manana	Papa Noel	cincuenta	las galletas	chocolate con	hace buen/mal tiempo	en el norte/sur/oest s/este
un café	en el centro	por la tarde	La campana	mas que	de bolsa	churros	hay niebla	de Inglaterra
una plaza	Hay?	por la noche	Las uvas	Que vas a hacer?	las zanahorias	un zumo de naranja	esta Iloviendo/nevan do	
una tienda de ropa	aqui	a las diez	El reloj	el pan	los guisantes	Quieres?	en otono	
una catedral	esta	a las cuatro y media	Feliz Ano Nuevo	el arroz	la ensalada	Quisiera	en invierno	

KS2 Year 6 Spanish Vocabulary List

Presente	Tienes?	una corbata	un comedor	lujoso	un microondas	comer
Si senor/senora	aqui tienes/toma	Es	una cocina	arriba	una alfombra	visitar
		feo/horrible/fa buloso/bonito				
No esta	Tengo/No tengo	Es medico	un cuarto de	abajo	una lampara	luego
			bano			

un boligrafo	un pantalon	vendedor/vend edora	un garaje	la ventana	Vamos a	el museo
un lapiz	un jersey	policia	un balcon	la piscina	ir	el castillo
uma goma	una camisa	camarero/cam arera	un jardin	una silla	salir	la playa
un sacapuntas	una falda	professor/prof esora	un dormitorio	un sofa	estar	el zoo
unas tijeras	unos zapatos	una casa	bonito	una mesa	en	
un cuaderno	unos calcentines	un piso	magnifico	una nevera	un hotel/piso/cam ping	
una cartera	una sudadera	un salon	enorme	un estereo	una casa	

The National Curriculum

In Key Stage Two pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing

 understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English
Progression of Key Skills

		Progression of	Key Skills							
		Key Stag								
Speaking/ Oral	vocabulary, phrases, and basic language struwords and phrases. Present ideas and info	Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help. Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases, and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases. Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Year 3 Year 6 Year 6								
	Can I engage in whole class discussions to answer questions? Can I recall and repeat phrases? Can I use new and learnt vocabulary to say phrases? Can I develop accurate pronunciation of words and phrases? Can I present ideas and information orally? Can I orally describe people and things? Can I begin to use a dictionary to understand new words?	Can I engage in whole class and partner discussions to answer questions? Can I recall and repeat phrases with growing confidence? Can I use familiar vocabulary to build basic sentences? Can I confidently use accurate pronunciation of words and phrases? Can I present ideas and information orally? Can I orally describe people and things? Can I begin to use a dictionary to understand new words?	Can I engage in conversation and express opinions as a response to others? Can I speak in full sentences using familiar vocabulary? Can I develop accurate pronunciation of words for familiar words and phrases? Can I begin to include intonation so that others understand what I am reading aloud? Can I present ideas and information orally to a small audience? Can I use a dictionary to understand new words? Can I introduce new words into my written works? Can I orally describe people, places and things?	Can I confidently engage in conversation and express opinions as a response to others? Can I confidently speak in full sentences using familiar vocabulary? Can I confidently develop accurate pronunciation of words for familiar words and phrases? Can I include intonation so that others understand what I am reading aloud? Can I present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences? Can I confidently use a dictionary to understand new words? Can I introduce new words into my written works? Can I orally describe people, places and things?						
Writing		rough songs and rhymes and link the spelling rly. Describe people, places, things and action		nrases from memory, and adapt these to						
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6						
	Can I explore patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes? Can I begin to link patterns and sounds of language to spellings? Can I describe people, places, things orally	Can I explore patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes? Can I link patterns and sounds of languages to spellings? Can I describe people, places, things orally	Can I learn and memorise phrases? Can I begin to write phrases from memory? Can I express ideas clearly using memorised phrases?	Can I learn and memorise phrases? Can I confidently write phrases from memory? Can I adapt phrases from memory to create new sentences?						
	and begin to complete these in writing?	and begin to complete these in writing?	Can I write descriptions about people,	Can I confidently express ideas clearly						

			places and things?	using memorised phrases?
Listoping	Liston attentively to sneken language and s	l how understanding by joining in and respond	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>
Listening	the spelling, sound and meaning of words.	now understanding by joining in and respond	ing. Explore patterns and sounds of lang	uage through songs and mymes and link
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Can I listen and respond to spoken language?	Can I listen and respond to spoken language?	Can I listen attentively to spoken language and respond by joining in?	Can I listen attentively to spoken language and respond by joining in?
	Can I explore patterns and sound through songs and rhyme?	Can I explore patterns and sound through songs and rhyme?	Can I confidently explore patterns and sound through songs and rhyme? Can I identify meaning of words through songs and rhymes by recognising patterns and sound?	Can I confidently explore patterns and sound through songs and rhyme? Can I identify meaning of words through songs and rhymes by recognising patterns and sound?
Reading	Read carefully and show an understanding	of words, phrases and simple writing. Apprec	iate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in	the language.
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Can I read words and phrases carefully?	Can I read words and phrases accurately?	Can I read words, phrases and simple	Can I read words, phrases and simple
	Can I appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in languages? Can I appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in languages?		writing accurately?	writing accurately?
			Can I appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in languages?	Can I appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in languages?

In order to assess impact - a guide

We measure the impact of MFL through the following methods:

- Observing children's speaking and listening using another language
- Using ICT, to gather images and videos of the children's speaking and listening
- Marking written work (Year 5/6 only)
- Moderation of children's learning in staff meetings, allowing opportunities for dialogue between staff members
- Termly assessments using a RAG rating system
- Annual reporting to parents on their child's progress
- Learning Walks
- Moderation of children's learning across our Academy, via MFL Hub Leads
- Interviewing the children about their learning (Pupil Voice)
- Monitoring KS2 assessment
- Ensuring knowledge and progression of skills is being taught